

2/15/2024

driveelectric.gov

Zoom Tips and Housekeeping

- Controls are located at the bottom of your screen. If they aren't appearing, move your cursor to the bottom edge.
- Submit questions using the "Q&A" window



Disclaimer

Notice: This webinar is being recorded and may be posted on the Joint Office website or used internally.

If you speak during the webinar or use video, you are presumed to consent to recording and use of your voice or image.

Agenda

Introduction from the Joint Office Presentations

- Austin Willman, Project Leader National Renewable Energy Laboratory
- E.J. Klock McCook, Principal at Rocky Mountain Institute
- Ed Gilliland, Senior Director at Interstate Renewable Energy Council
- Daphne Dixon, Executive Director of Connecticut Southwestern Area Clean Cities Coalition and Live Green
- Mike Salisbury, Transportation Energy Lead at the Office of Climate Action, Sustainability & Resiliency for City and County of Denver

Panel Discussion and Audience Q&A



Mission and Vision



Mission

To accelerate an electrified transportation system that is affordable, convenient, equitable, reliable, and safe.

Vision

A future where everyone can ride and drive electric.

Bipartisan Infrastructure Law Programs Supported by the Joint Office

The Joint Office provides unifying **guidance**, **technical assistance**, and **analysis** to support the following programs:



\$5 billion for states to build a national electric vehicle (EV) charging network along corridors, including **\$148** million awarded to repair and replace non-operational chargers.



Charging & Fueling Infrastructure Discretionary Grant Program (U.S. DOT) \$2.5 billion in community and corridor grants for EV charging, as well as hydrogen, natural gas, and propane fueling infrastructure



Low-No Emissions Grants Program for Transit (U.S. DOT) \$5.6 billion in support of low- and no-emission transit bus deployments



Clean School Bus Program (U.S. EPA)

\$5 billion in support of electric school bus deployments



Presenters



Austin Willman NREL



E.J. Klock McCookRocky Mountain
Institute



Ed Gilliland IREC



Daphne Dixon
Connecticut SWA
Clean Cities Coalition
and Live Green



Mike Salisbury
Office of Climate
Action,
Sustainability &
Resiliency at
City and County of
Denver



Project Leader, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

https://afdc.energy.gov/fuels/electricity_infrastructure_planning.html

Alternative Fuels Data Center

FUELS & VEHICLES

New FV

Planning

Content

on the

AFDC

CONSERVE **FUEL**

LOCATE **STATIONS**

LAWS & **INCENTIVES**

Maps & Data

Case Studies

Publications

Tools

Search the AFDC

Home About

Printable Version

SEARCH

EERE » AFDC » Fuels & Vehicles » Electricity

Electricity Basics

Benefits & Considerations

Stations

State & Local Infrastructure Planning

- Initial Considerations
- EV Readiness
- State Funding
- Building Codes, Parking, & Zoning
- Permitting Processes
- Signage
- ADA Compliance

Procurement & Installation

Operation & Maintenance

Charging at Home

Charging for Multifamily Housing

Charging in Public

Building Codes, Parking Ordinances, and Zoning Ordinances for Electric **Vehicle Charging Infrastructure**

Building codes, parking ordinances, and zoning ordinances can influence electric vehicle (EV) infrastructure planning by creating design standards, requiring a minimum number of EV-ready spaces for new construction, or allowing EV charger installation as part of zoning ordinances. In addition to considering charging for light-duty EVs, codes and regulations should also be adopted to support infrastructure for neighborhood EVs and e-micromobility options, which typically only require access to a 120V receptacle to charge,

The following definitions are important to know when reading through these sections:

EV-Capable Parking Space: Electrical Panel Capacity & Conduit

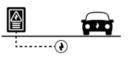
- · Install panel capacity and conduit (raceway) to accommodate the future build-out of EV charging with 208/240 V, 40-amp circuits.
- · Rational: Provide hard-to-retrofit elements during new construction while minimizing up-front cost.

EV-Ready Parking Space: Install full circuit

- Full circuit installations include 208/240V, 40-amp panel capacity, raceway, wiring. receptable, and overprotection devices similar to a dryer circuit.
- · Rational: Full circuits are plug-and-play ready and minimize total costs and additional barriers to installing Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE).

EV-Installed: Install EV Charging Station (also known as Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment or EVSE).

· Install charging stations during new construction.



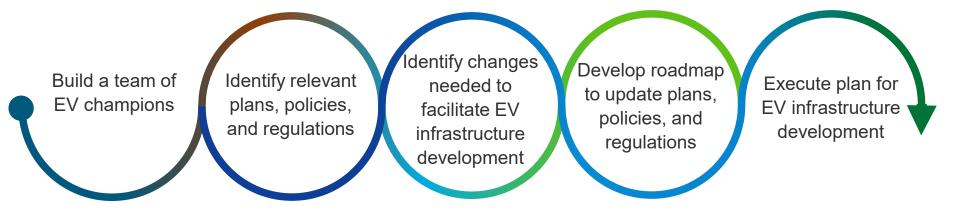




State and Regional Government Role

- · Create regional consistency
- · Consider statewide legislation
- Conduct targeted outreach
- · Maintain an EV webpage
- Provide funding support





Steps for Local Government to develop more EV friendly policy and regulations

Communities Technical Assistance

driveelectric.gov/communities

The Joint Office of Energy and Transportation has partnered with NREL to offer **FREE** technical assistance to communities at all stages of interest, planning, and deployment of electric mobility technologies.

Communities Technical Assistance

JOCommunityTA@nrel.gov driveelectric.gov/contact (select "Community inquiry")



About v

Technical Assistance

Data & Tools

Publications

News & Events

energy.gov | transportation.gov

Contact

Technical Assistance and Resources for Communities



E.J. Klock McCookPrincipal, Rocky Mountain Institute

Ed Gilliland
Senior Director,
Interstate Renewable Energy Council (IREC



Joint Office of Energy and Transportation February 15, 2024

Planning and Zoning Guidance for EV Charger Deployment

Ed Gilliland, IREC EJ Klock-McCook, RMI

Today

- Why focus on planning and zoning?
- Planning documents
- Zoning and use designation
- **Parking**







Accelerating Local Regulatory Approval for EVSE: Predictable, Transparent, Streamlined

The Challenge

Process can be slow and expensive

- Up to 6 months (or more) for permits
- New topic for many local officials
- 23,000 AHJs in the US—each is different
- Permitting process cumbersome

The Solution Modeled on SolSmart

Predictable, Transparent, Streamlined

- Consensus standards
- Consensus educational materials
- Model process with checklists
- Automated or streamlined permitting







Development of the Guidance

Planning, Zoning and Permitting Subcommittee of IREC's Sustainable Energy Action Committee's **Electric Vehicle Working Group**

- Multidisciplinary team included
 - EV charging providers
 - Local, state, and regional planning professionals
 - Other experts
- Several internal drafts
- Released and circulated an Exposure Draft and integrated hundreds of comments.

PURPOSE:

Provide guidance for predictable and transparent local standards to speed deployment of the nearly 3 million non-home EV charging ports needed by 2030.







ΕV Policies, Goals & Metrics Integration Education, with Solar & Outreach, Other Incentives Renewables Clean Fleets

Local EV Readiness

Building / Electrical Codes, Permitting, Inspection

Plans, Zoning Ordinances, Development Regulations

Local Regulatory Approval

The Approval Process

Utility Incentives

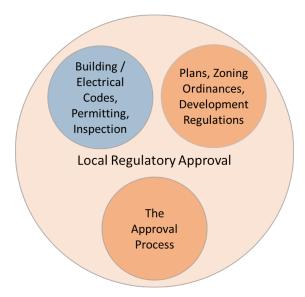
Public Utilities Commissions New Utility Service Connections and Power Capacity

State and Federal Enabling Legislation



Regulatory Approval Framework

- A. Regulatory requirements documents
 - 1. Plans, zoning ordinances, development regulations
 - Building codes for permitting & inspection
- в. The approval process









Planning and Zoning Guidance for EVSE Deployment

Document Structure

- Overview
- Why is this guidance needed?
- Key characteristics of EVs and EV chargers
- The local regulatory approval process
- Regulatory requirements guidance Each section presents:



- Recommendations
- Discussion
- Zoning and permit approval process guidance
- Other considerations
- Key terms and acronyms
- Appendices

Regulatory Requirements

- Planning documents
- Zoning and permitted accessory use
- Parking requirements
 - Parking count and mandates
 - Charger accessibility
 - EV charger readiness
- Design, aesthetics, equipment location
- On-street charging







Challenges and Recommendations Overview

Regulatory Requirements

- Planning documents
- Zoning and use designation
- Parking requirements
 - Parking count and mandates
 - · Charger accessibility
 - EV charger readiness
- Design, aesthetics, and equipment location
- On-street charging

Approval Process

- Application process
- Application review







PLANNING AND ZONING GUIDANCE **FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGER DEPLOYMENT**



Planning and Zoning Guidance Spotlight

Planning Documents Planning

Zoning and Use Designation Zoning

Parking Counts Parking







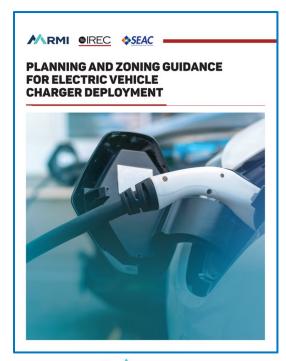
Challenges and Recommendations Overview

Regulatory Requirements

- Planning documents
- Zoning and use designation
- Parking requirements
 - Parking count and mandates
 - Charger accessibility
 - EV charger readiness
- Design, aesthetics, and equipment location
- On-street charging

Approval Process

- Application process
- Application review









Regulatory Requirements: Planning Documents

Planning Matters

- 1. Address EV charging in comprehensive plan and supporting plans
 - 1. Climate action plans, capital improvement plans, transportation plans
- 2. Collaborate with regional planning organizations & utilities
- 3. Inventory existing and proposed locations of public charging.
 - 1. Project EV charger demand by use case.











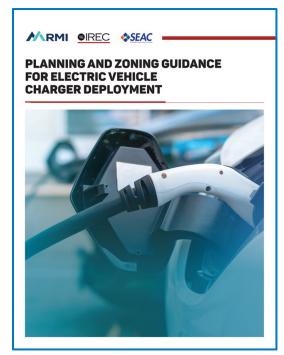
Challenges and Recommendations Overview

Regulatory Requirements

- Planning documents
- Zoning and use designation
- Parking requirements
 - Parking count and mandates
 - Charger accessibility
 - EV charger readiness
- Design, aesthetics, and equipment location
- On-street charging

Approval Process

- Application process
- Application review









Zoning Code

Zoning

- 1. Regulates how a parcel of land can be used
 - 1. Building and site characteristics
 - 2 Allowed activities

Zoning code

- 1. Legal tool for zoning
 - Zoning district map & district descriptions
 - Use standards
 - Development standards
 - Administration & procedures













Zoning and Use Designation

Zoning Focus

- Accessory use
- 2. Discretionary Reviews
- 3. Primary use











Zoning and Use Designation

Accessory Use

- > Relatively low impact on a property or surrounding properties
 - Lower level of regulatory review
- Allow accessory use EV charging by right in all zones
- > Review administratively, avoid discretionary reviews











Zoning – Discretionary Reviews

Conditional Use

- 1. Required for development that is permitted subject to compliance with conditions or requirements in the zoning code
 - 1. Churches in a residential area
 - 2. Gasoline stations
- 2. Public hearings and zoning commission and/or city council approval
- 3. Often very time consuming, delaying projects for months
- 4. Avoid for EV charging













Zoning – Discretionary Reviews

Site plan review

- Required for development to ensure consistent with comp plan, is safe, and in harmony with existing surroundings and the environment
 - 1. Commercial, industrial, multifamily, mixed-use, institutional uses
- Public hearings and zoning commission and/or city council reviews and approval
- 3. Often very time consuming, taking months or years
- 4. Avoid for EV charging
 - 1. Sometimes there is a minor site plan review process that can be approved administratively













Zoning and Use Designation

Primary Use

- 1. When clearly a primary use
 - 1. Allow EV charging as an approved use
 - 2. Define as own use, not a traditional fueling station
 - 3. Avoid discretionary reviews
- 2. Update zoning codes













Zoning and Use Designation

Summary

- 1. Allow accessory use EV charging by right in all zones
- When clearly a primary use allow EV charging as an approved use
- Approve administratively avoid discretionary reviews
- 4. Update zoning codes











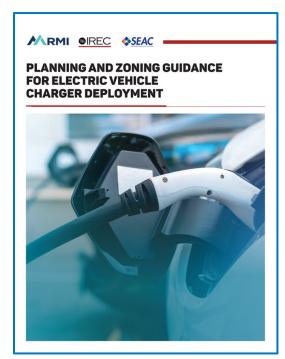
Challenges and Recommendations Overview

Regulatory Requirements

- Planning documents
- Zoning and use designation
- Parking requirements
 - Parking count and mandates
 - Charger accessibility
 - EV charger readiness
- Design, aesthetics, and equipment location
- On-street charging

Approval Process

- Application process
- Application review









Parking

Minimum Parking Requirements

- Many localities set minimum parking requirements based on land use
 - 1. A shopping center may require 4 spaces per 1000 GSF
- 2. Trend is to reduce those requirements to encourage more travel by transit, bike, etc.
- Converting existing spaces to dedicated EV charging spaces may be viewed as a violation of the minimum parking requirements









Parking Counts

Allow

- Existing spaces converted to EV charging spaces to count toward minimum parking mandates
- Accessible charging spaces to count as two parking spaces for determining minimum parking requirements
- 3. Parking space reductions for charging related equipment count toward minimum parking mandates













Accessing the Report

Planning and Zoning Guidance for Electric Vehicle Charger Deployment and the

6-page *Executive Summary* are available on SEAC website via **tinyurl.com/EV-Guidance**

Contacts:

- Ed Gilliland, IREC, edg@irecusa.org
- E.J. Klock-McCook, RMI, <u>ekmccook@rmi.org</u>









Executive Director, Connecticut Southwestern Area Clean Cities Coalition and Live Green

Navigating Zoning and Building Codes for EV Charging Infrastructure

Thursday, February 15, 2024





Daphne Dixon

Executive Director

Connecticut SWA
Clean Cities Coalition

Live Green Network

203 536 4695

daphne@livegreennetwork.org

EV Zoning Regulations Experience

Zoning Board of Appeals 2010 - 2021

Municipal EV Readiness Studies & Toolkits

EV Zoning Regulations Toolkits and Training Programs

EV Zoning Regulations
Blueprint

Multi-state EV Zoning Regulations Training Programs

EV Zoning Regs Regional Pilot

Collaborating with commissions, land use staff and COGs on EV zoning regs model language

Coast-to-Coast EV Road Trips

Coast-to-Coast EV Road Trips

11,000 miles - 30 states



2022



2023





ectric Vehicle Charging Stations and U.S. Interstates map, developed by Esri.

How Do Local EV Zoning Regulations Create Change?



Foster Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion



Help to make EV adoption inevitable



Regional Consistency



Reduces range anxiety and creates safety



Economic and Community Development

Different Zones Have Different Needs



Historic Districts



Isolated Locations



Service Plazas

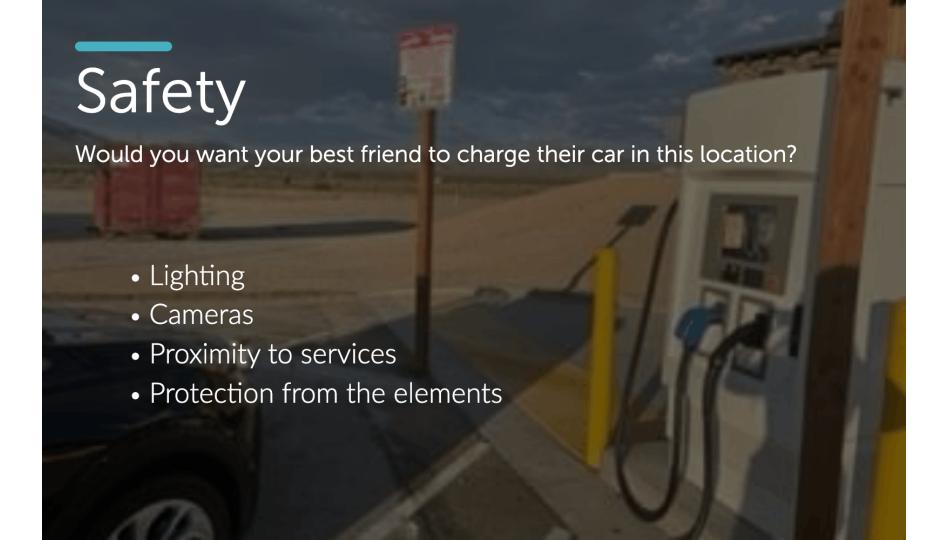


Shopping Centers/Strip Malls



Street Parking





Local Authority

Local EV Zoning Regulations Opportunities

	Safety	Experience	Equity
Cover	X	×	
Lighting	X	×	
Cameras	X	×	
Proximity to Services	X	×	
Retractable Cords	X	×	
Signage		×	
Historic District		X	
Allowable Overnight Parking			X
Reverse Debit Machine			X

2020 Municipal EV Readiness Toolkit 12-Week Program

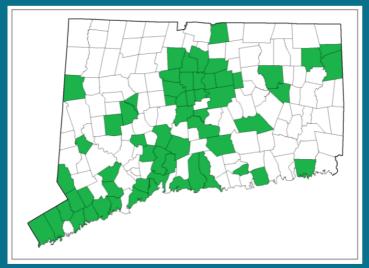
Metrics

Number of participants: 202

Number of towns: 60

Number of counties: 8

Certificates of Completion*: 202







Live Green Connecticut and CT Southwestern Area Clean Cities Coalition present

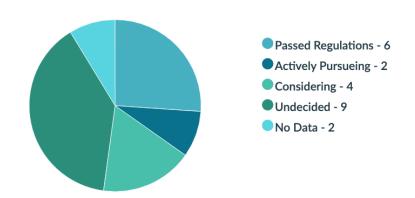


EV Zoning Regulations Bootcamp



Fairfield County Pilot

Current Status of EV Zoning Regs



Participating Municipalities

Bethel Norwalk

Bridgeport Redding

Brookfield Ridgefield

Danbury Shelton

Darien Sherman

Easton Stamford

Fairfield Stratford

Greenwich Trumbull

Monroe Weston

New Canaan Westport

New Fairfield Wilton

Newtown





Municipal EV Readiness Toolkit EV Zoning Regulations Blueprint

2023 EV Zoning Regulations Blueprint

Prepared for: Municipal and Community Leaders

Prepared by: CT Southwestern Area Clean Cities Coalition and Live Green Network

Audience: Community Leaders, Energy Task Force Members, Planning and Zoning Boards and Commissions, Municipal Staff and Chief Elected Officials

EV Zoning Regulations: 9-Step Process

- Step 1: Working in Collaboration with State Goals
- Step 2: Building the EV Zoning Regulations Core Team
- Step 3: Analyze Existing EV Zoning Regs to Identify Potential EV Zoning Opportunities
- Step 4: Develop Public Outreach Plan, Collaborate with all Sectors, Gather Feedback
- Step 5: Preparation for Public Meeting by Assimilating Feedback
- Step 6: Write the EV Zoning Regulations Draft
- Step 7: Share Draft EV Zoning Regulations with the Public
- Step 8: Presenting Proposed EV Zoning Regulations to the Zoning Commission
- Step 9: Managing Setback and Obstacles

EV Zoning Regulations Resistence



Site Host Issues

Learning about and understanding how site hosting works



Enforcement Pushback - Time limits and Restrictions

Need to Coordinate with Police Commission



% of Parking Spaces

Don't want to alienate businesses



Which EV regs are right/over regulating and signage

Review existing EV zoning regs examples



Liability - Equipment and User

Understanding insurance coverage and responsible parties



Lack of understanding about types of and reliability of equipment

Varying EVSE styles and advertising/cost options to consider

Connecticut Task Force on EVSE Zoning Regs, Standards, Equity, Safety, and Experience

Charging App Representatives

Civic Organizations

Chambers of Commerce

Council of Governments

Economic & Community Dev. Directors

Engineering Professionals

Equity Organizations

EVSE Manufacturers

Mayors/First Selectmen

Police Commissions

Planning and Zoning Professionals

Service Plaza Property Owners

State Historic Preservation Office

Sustainability Task Force Members

To learn more visit: evzoningregs.com





Transportation Energy Lead,
Office of Climate Action, Sustainability & Resiliency,
City and County of Denver

Navigating Zoning and Building Codes for EV Charging Infrastructure

February 15th, 2024

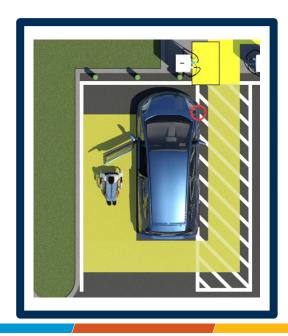
Mike Salisbury
Transportation Energy Lead
Mike.salisbury@denvergov.org



Denver 2022 Building Code EV Charging Requirements

			<u>-</u>
Occupancy	EVSE Installed Spaces	EV Ready Spaces	EV Capable Spaces
Group Assembly, Business, Educational, Mercantile	10%	5%	10%
Group Institutional	5%	0%	5%
Group R-1 (hotels) and R-2 (Apartments)	15%	5%	40%
Group R-3 (Boarding Houses) and R-4 (Assisted living/rehab)	2%	0%	5%
Group S-2 (Parking Garages)	10%	5%	0%





Accessibility Requirements

- Number of accessible vehicle spaces. Not less than 5 percent of vehicle spaces on the site served by an EVSE Installed Space, but not fewer than one, shall be accessible.
- Example: New MF building with 100 parking spaces would require 15 EVSE Installed spaces

Flexibility

- One EVSE can serve multiple parking spaces
- In multi-family settings, load management systems allow 50% reduction in power per parking space
- Can substitute 1 DC fast charging station for up to 10 Level 2 stations
- No requirements for buildings with fewer than 10 parking spaces



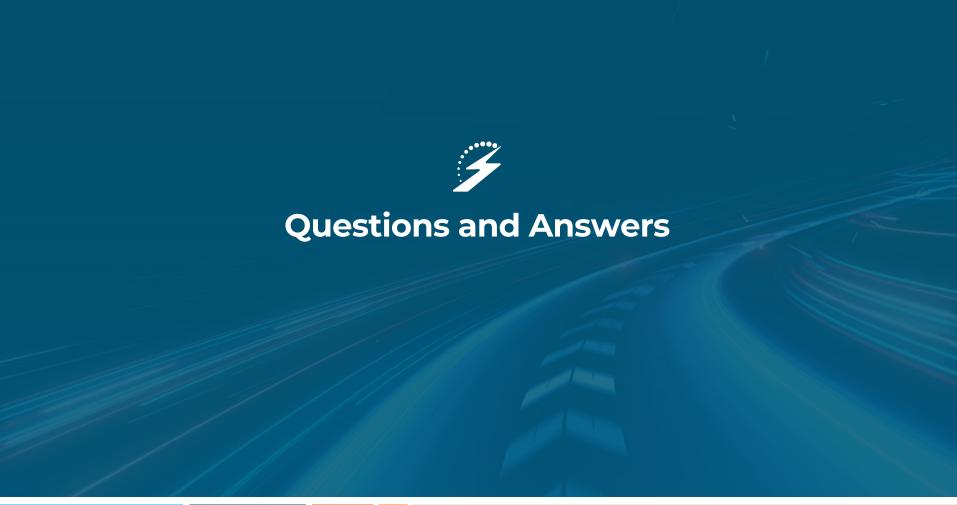
Building Code Resources

Denver 2022 Building Code

A Guide for Adopting Equitable US Code

EV Charging for All Coalition





Resources

Planning and Zoning for Electric Vehicle Charger Deployment

https://sustainableenergyaction.org/resources/plan ning-and-zoning-guidance-for-electric-vehiclecharger-deployment/

Alternative Fuel Data Center

https://afdc.energy.gov/fuels/electricity_infrastruct ure planning.html

Municipal EV Readiness Toolkit: EV Zoning Regulations Blueprint

https://evzoningregs.com

Plug In America EV Building Codes Toolkit

https://pluginamerica.org/policy/ev-charging-forall/ev-building-codes-toolkit/

City and County of Denver EV Charging Spaces

https://denvergov.org/Government/Agencies-Departments-Offices/Agencies-Departments-Offices-Directory/Community-Planning-and-Development/Building-Codes-Policies-and-Guides/Electrical-Vehicle-Charging-Spaces





PLANNING AND ZONING GUIDANCE FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGER DEPLOYMENT





2023 EV Zoning Regulations Blueprint

Prepared for: Municipal and Community Leaders

Audience: Community Leaders, Energy Task Force Members, Planning and Zoning Boards and Commissions, Municipal Staff and Chief Elected Officials





Electrical Vehicle (EV) Charging Spaces

EV code requirements impact how parking is configured for a project and should be addressed during the Site Development Plan process. Section C405.13 of the 2022 Denver Energy Code (DEC) governs the quantity of EV spaces required. Section 1107 of the 2022 Denver Commercial Building Code (DCBC) governs accessible and universal spaces for installed electrical vehicle (EV) charging stations. This page provides a summary of requirements, please see the 2022 DEC and DCBC for full requirements.

On June 20, 2023, City Council approved amendments that take a phased approach to these requirements to ensure projects already at the formal site development plan/construction drawing preparation stage can continue with minimal impacts.

The EV requirements on this page are for commercial and multifamily building projects. These requirements do not apply to detached one- and two-family dwellings, townhouses, and Group R-3 and R-4 buildings three stories or less in height. Provisions for these projects can be found in





Upcoming Webinar Topics

February 27th

Curbside EV Charging Strategies

March 5th

Workforce Development Tools and Resources

More to come!

driveelectric.gov/webinars

* Some dates may be subject to change

Thank you!

Today's Presentation: Navigating Zoning and Building Codes for EV Charging Infrastructure

Didn't get your question answered?
Want to learn more about this webinar topic?
Ask the Joint Office: driveelectric.gov/contact/



Sign up for Joint Office news, events, and funding opportunities: driveelectric.gov/subscribe

The webinar recording and slides will be posted within a few weeks here:

driveelectric.gov/webinars